



# DNS amplification attacks

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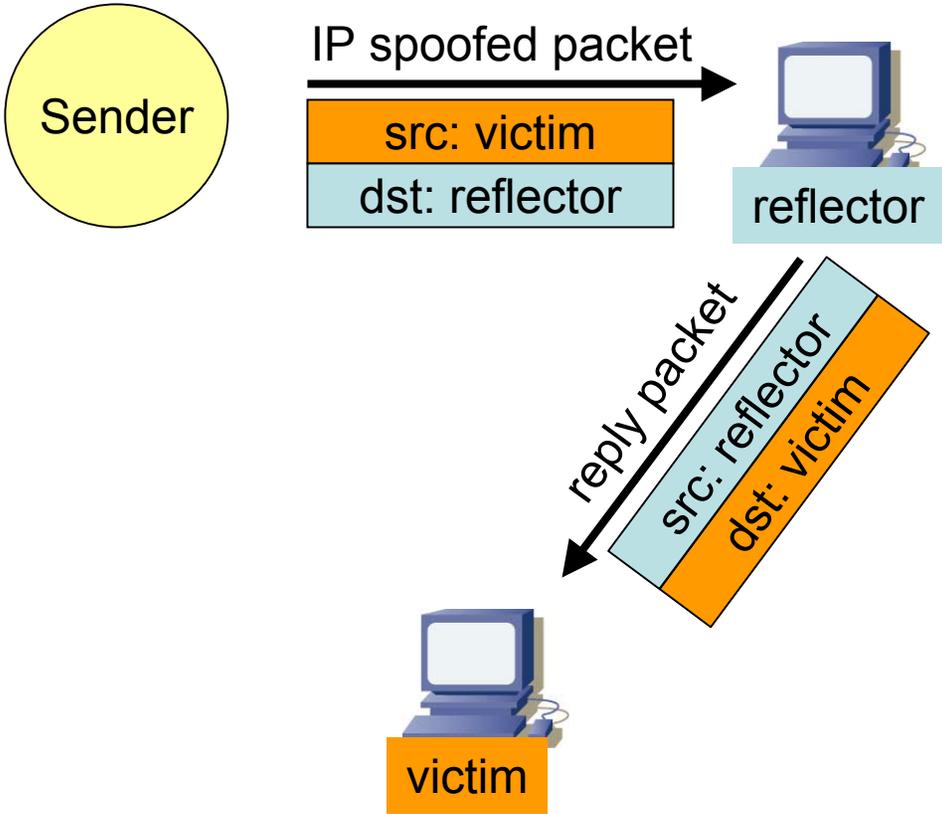
# DNS amplification attacks

- Attacks using IP spoofed dns query
  - generating a traffic overload
  - bandwidth attack
  - similar to ‘smurf attacks’
  
- Components are:
  - IP spoofing
  - DNS amp

# IP spoofing + DNS amp

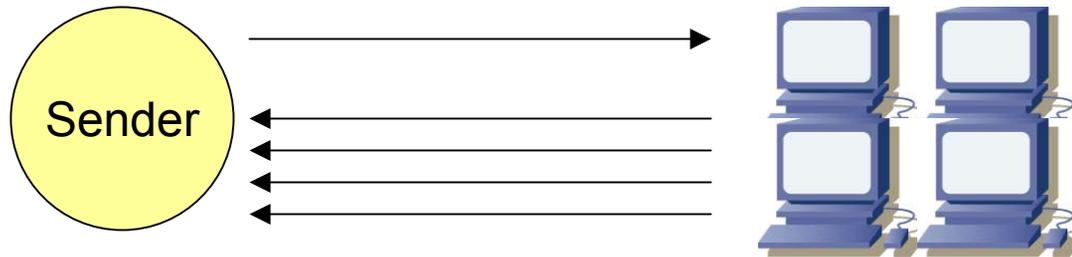
- IP spoofing
  - IP spoofed dns query
  - to use reflections
- DNS amp
  - UDP (no 3way handshake)
  - good amplification ratio  $\approx 60$
  - distributed by full/stub-resolver (dns cache)

# reflection



# amplification

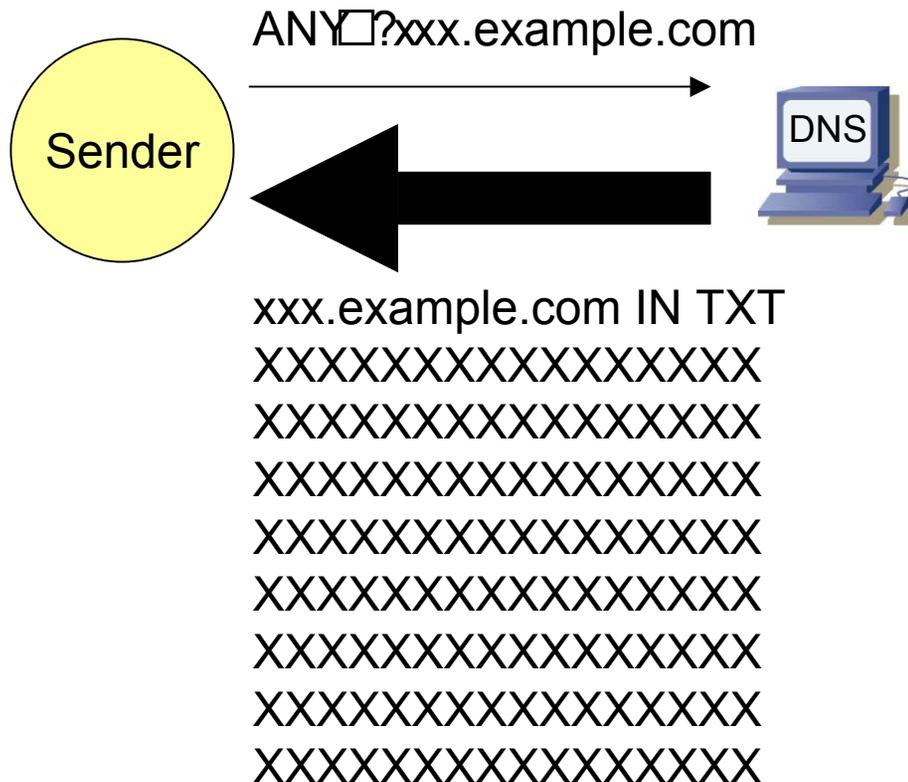
1. multiple replies



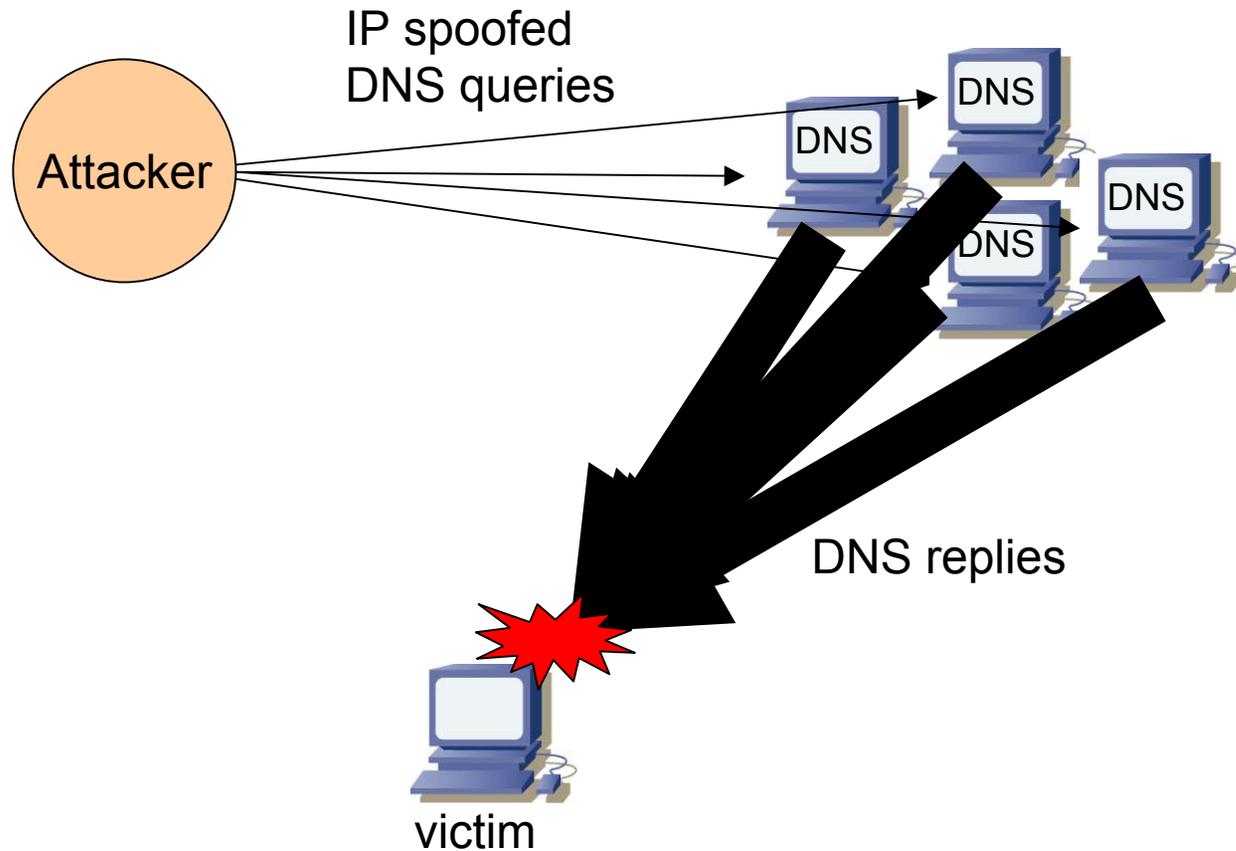
2. bigger reply



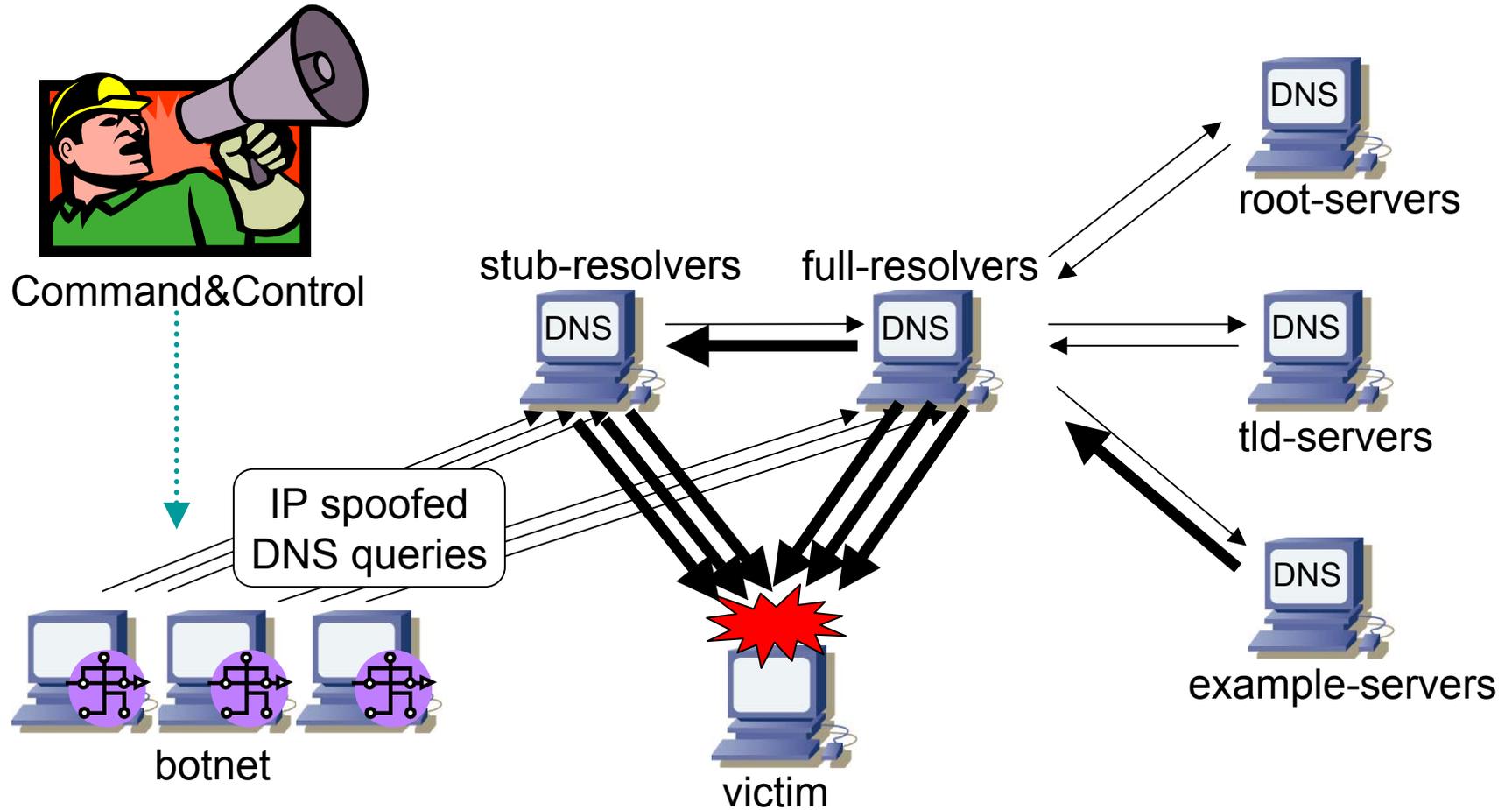
# DNS amplification



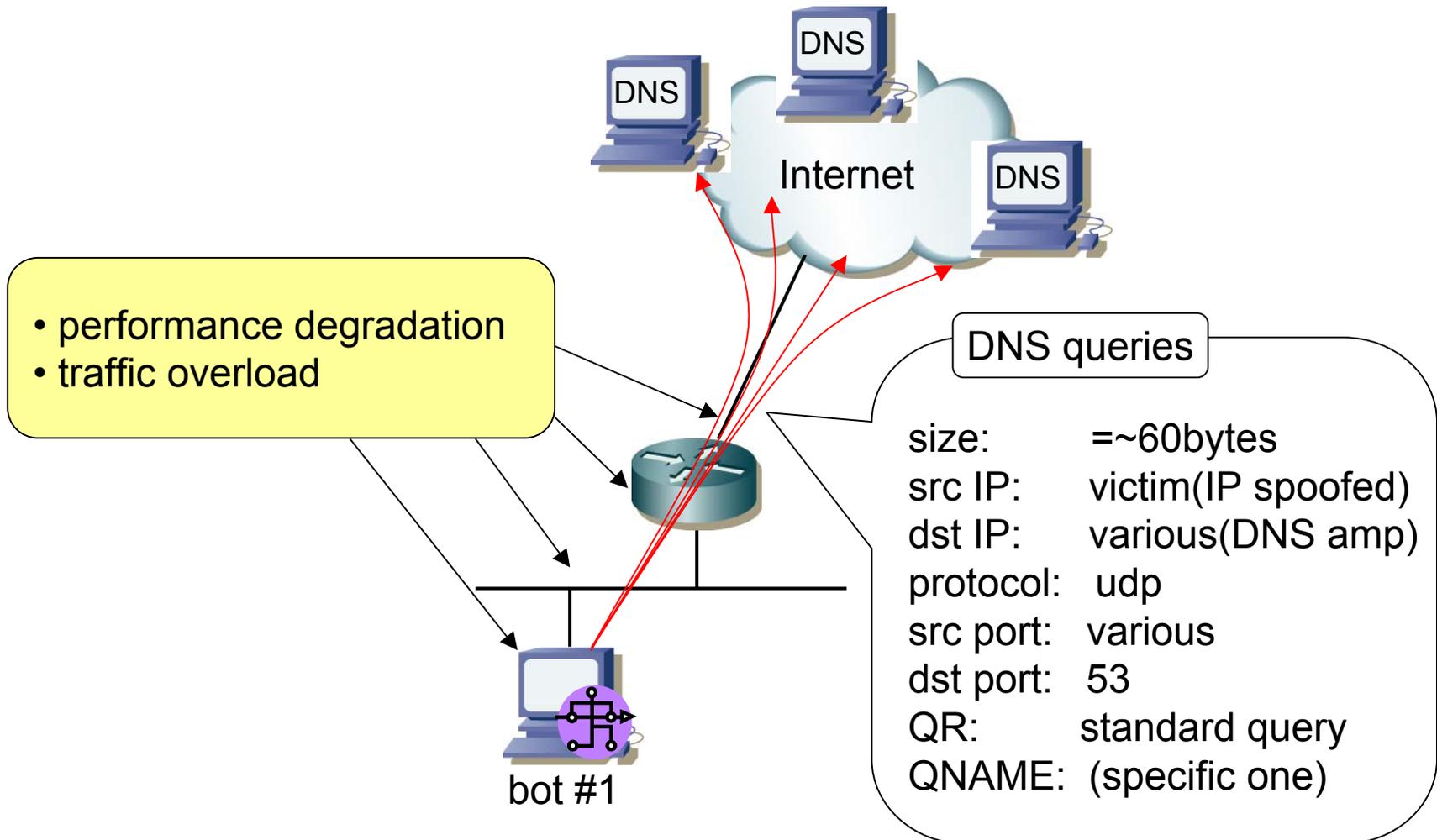
# DNS amplification attack



# attack relations

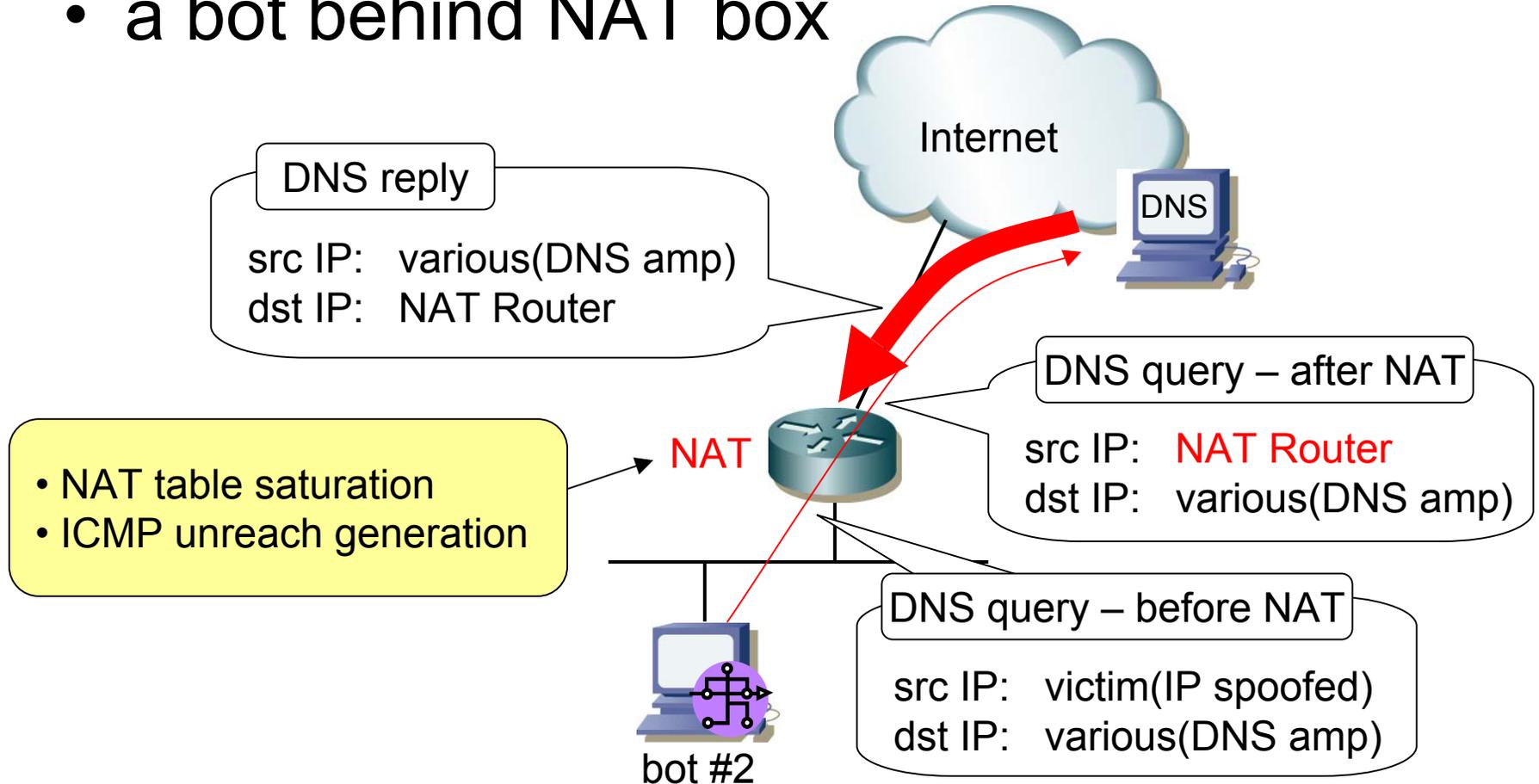


# view of bot #1

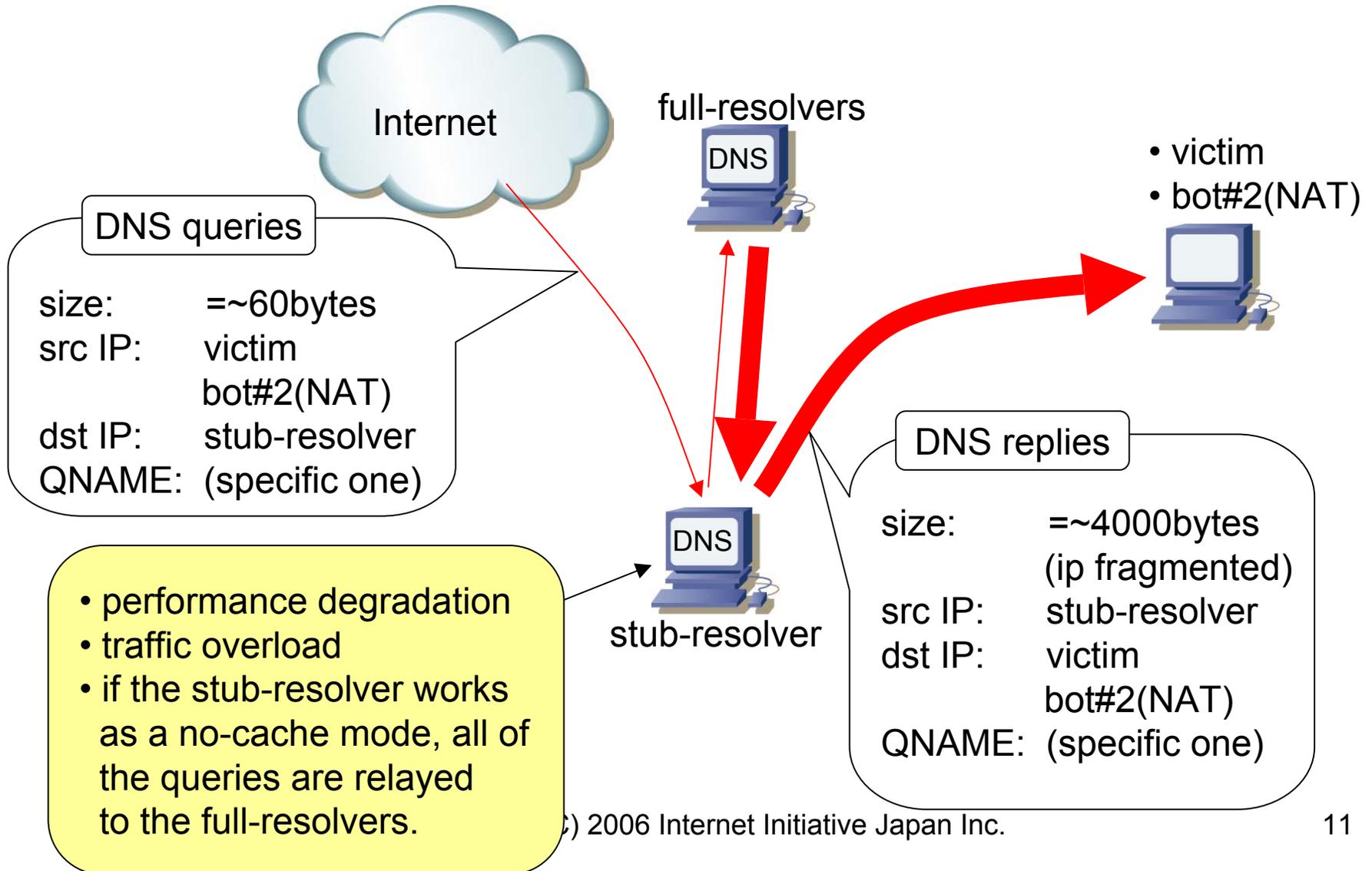


# view of bot #2

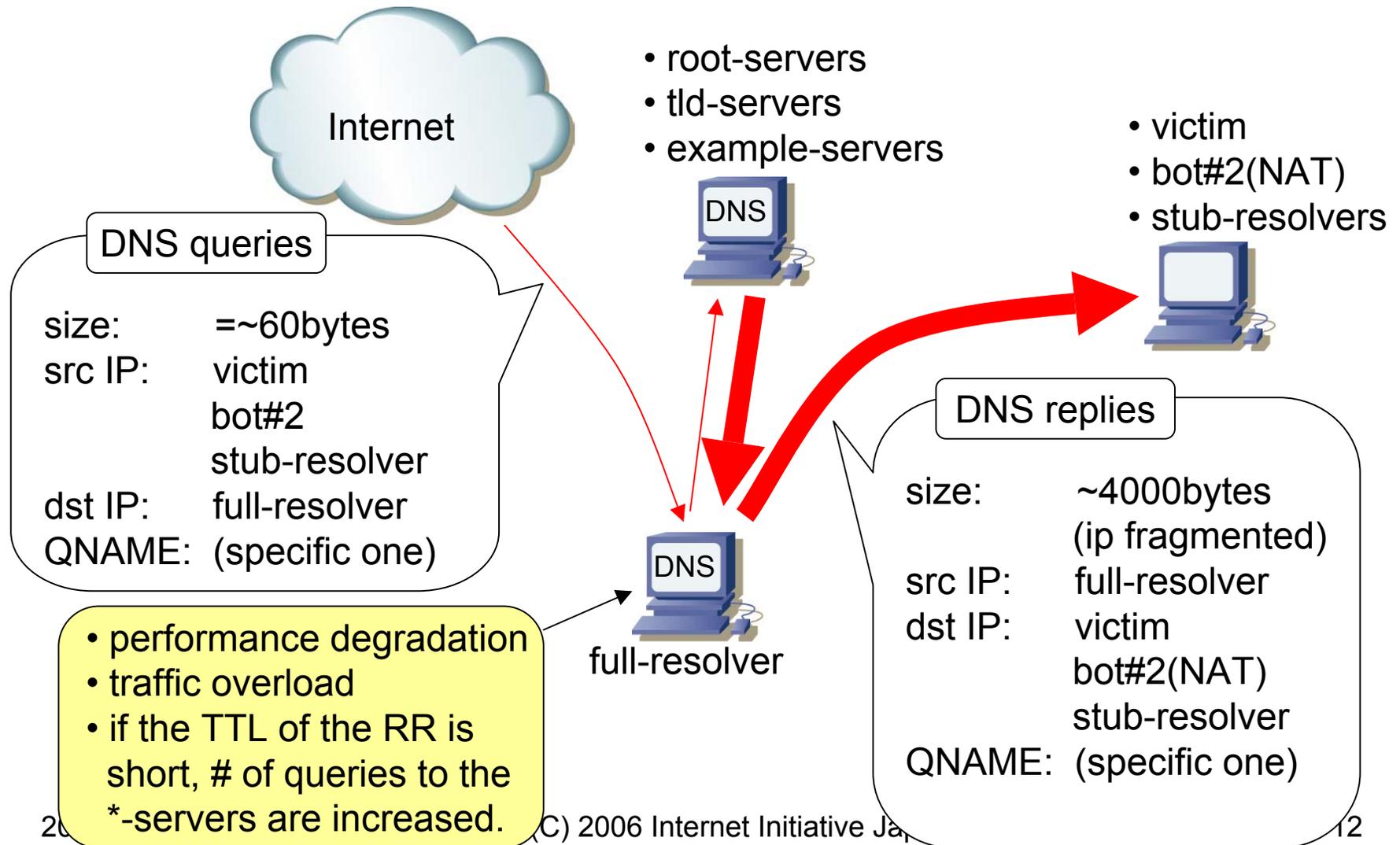
- a bot behind NAT box



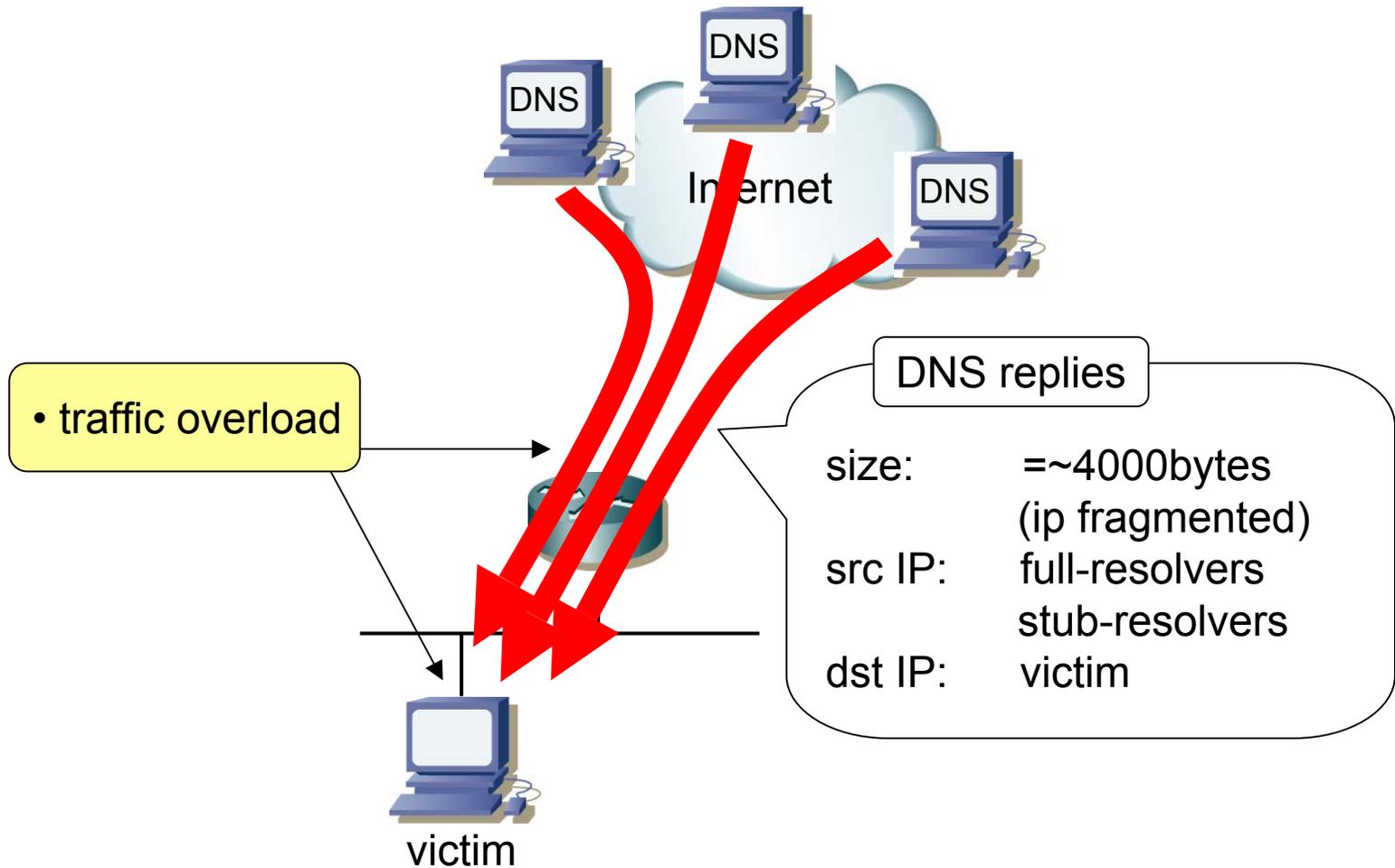
# view of stub-resolver



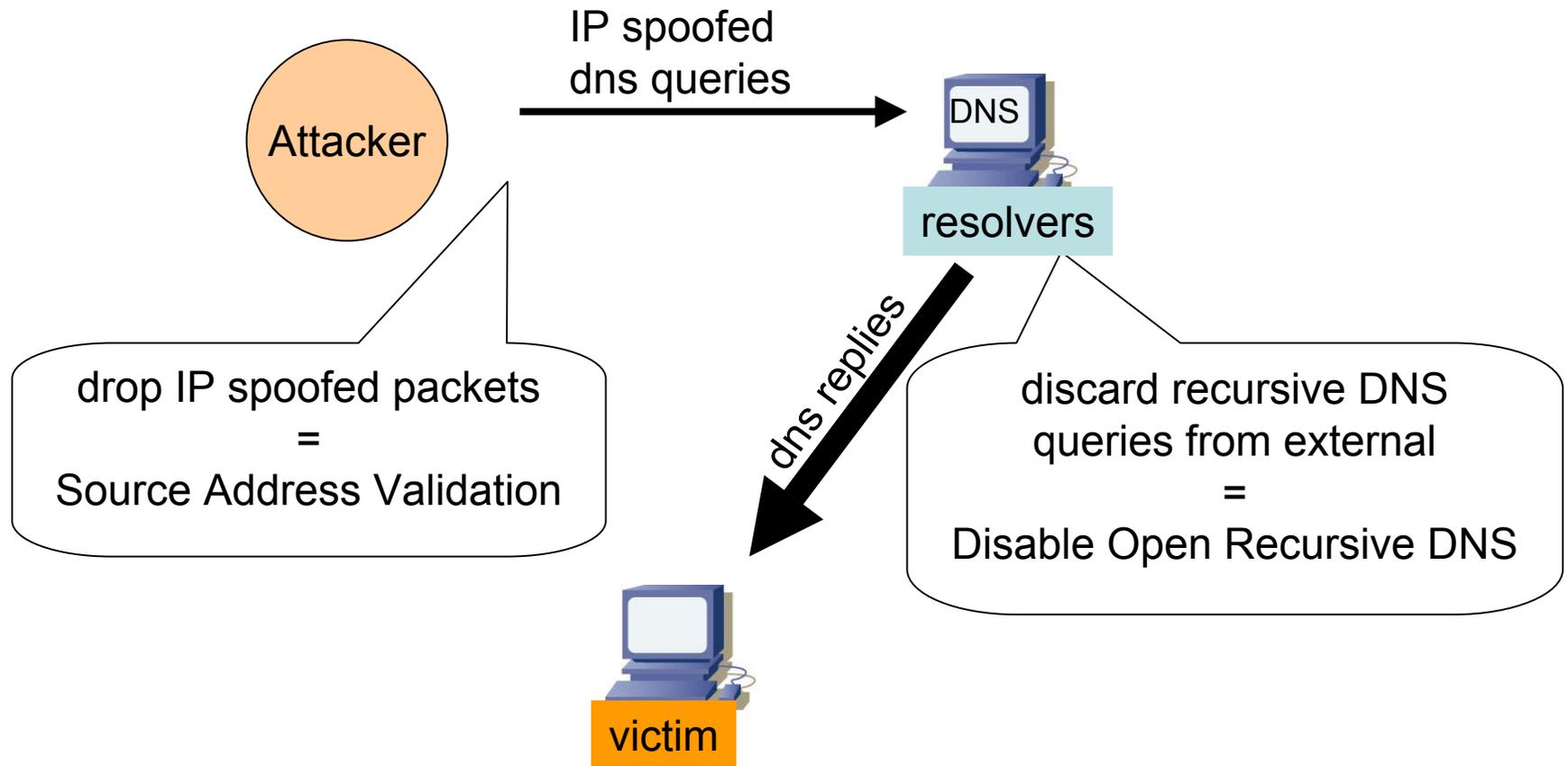
# view of full-resolver



# view of victim



# solutions



# Disable Open Recursive DNS

- There are many 'open relay' resolvers.
  - ISP cache servers
  - customers' dns servers
  - DSL routers (dns proxy as stub-resolver)

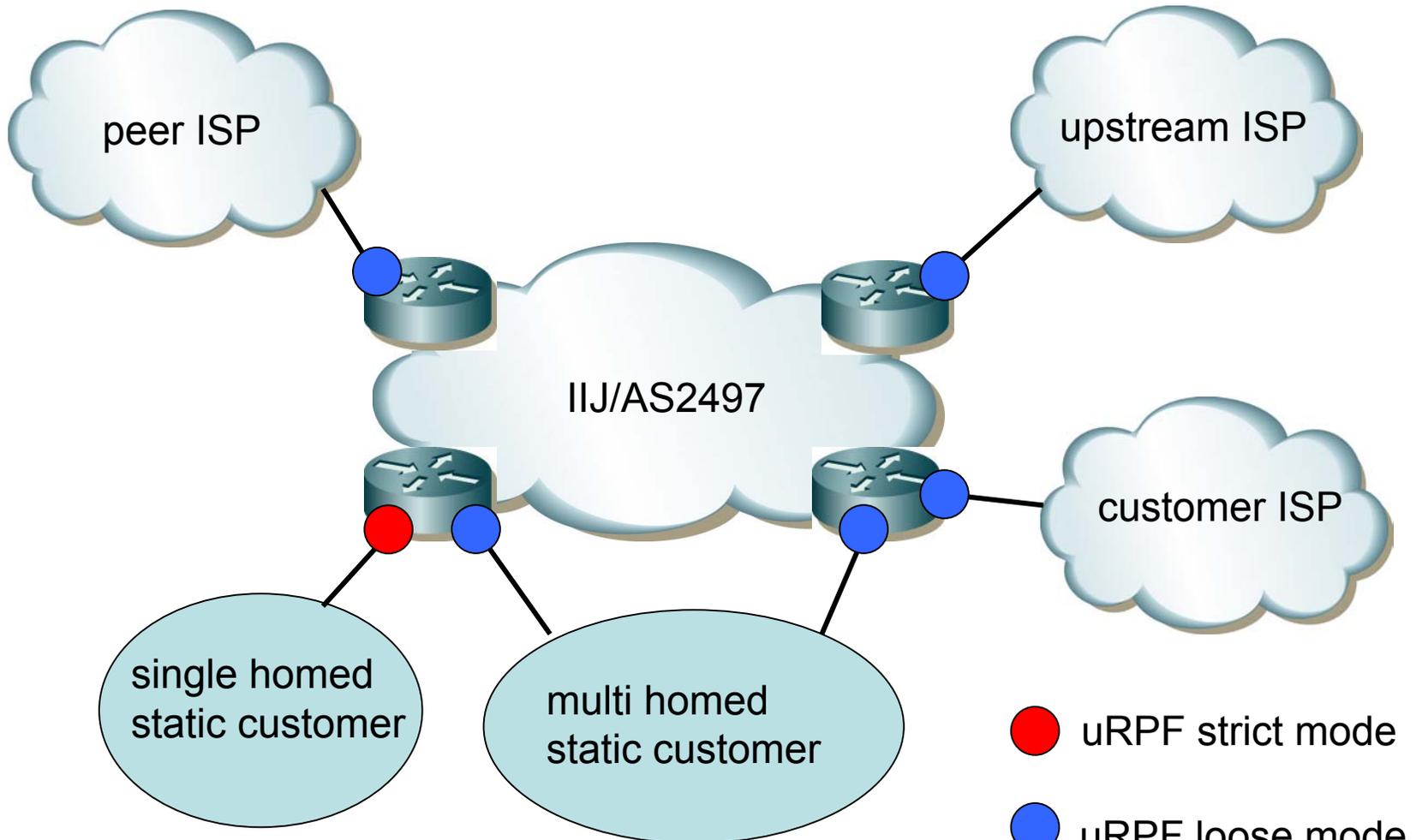
# Source Address Validation

- BCP38/RFC2827
  - All providers of Internet connectivity are urged to implement filtering described in this document to prohibit attackers from using forged source addresses...

# IIJ/AS2497's case

- **IIJ to Introduce Source Address Validation to all its Connectivity Services**
  - <http://www.iij.ad.jp/en/pressrelease/2006/0308.html>
- IIJ is adopting uRPF and ACLs.

# IIJ's policy



# CISCO uRPF configuration

## **uRPF strict mode**

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0  
ip verify unicast source reachable-via rx
```

## **uRPF loose mode**

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0  
ip verify unicast source reachable-via any
```

# Juniper uRPF configuration

## uRPF strict mode

```
interface { ge-0/0/0 { unit 0 { family inet {  
  rpf-check;  
}}}}}
```

## uRPF loose mode

```
interface { ge-0/0/0 { unit 0 { family inet {  
  rpf-check { mode loose; }  
}}}}}
```

# reference

- AL-1999.004 – DoS attacks using the DNS
  - <http://www.uscert.org.au/render.html?it=80>
- The Continuing DoS Threat Posed by DNS Recursion
  - [http://www.us-cert.gov/reading\\_room/DNS-recursion033006.pdf](http://www.us-cert.gov/reading_room/DNS-recursion033006.pdf)
- SAC008 – DNS Distributed DDoS Attacks
  - <http://www.icann.org/committees/security/dns-ddos-advisory-31mar06.pdf>

**END**

